RESENE LUSTA -GLO Resene Paints (Australia) Limited

Version No: 3.3

Safety Data Sheet according to WHS and ADG requirements

Issue Date: **12/10/2020**Print Date: **12/10/2020**L.GHS.AUS.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier

Product name	RESENE LUSTA -GLO
Synonyms	Incl. White, Pastel, Light, Mid, Deep, Ultra Deep, Magenta
Proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)
Other means of identification	Not Available

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses 9143, 9281, 9282, 9283, 9284, 9285, 9762

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Resene Paints (Australia) Limited
Address	64 Link Drive Queensland 4207 Australia
Telephone	+61 7 55126600
Fax	+61 7 55126697
Website	www.resene.com.au
Email	Not Available

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	AUSTRALIAN POISONS CENTRE	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE
Emergency telephone numbers	131126	+61 2 9186 1132
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	+61 1800 951 288

Once connected and if the message is not in your prefered language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

HAZARDOUS CHEMICAL. DANGEROUS GOODS. According to the WHS Regulations and the ADG Code.

Poisons Schedule	Not Applicable
Classification [1]	Flammable Liquid Category 3, Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure Category 3 (narcotic effects), Chronic Aquatic Hazard Category 3
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from HCIS; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)





Signal word

Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.	
AUH066	Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness and cracking.	
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.	
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.	

Supplementary statement(s)

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

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P210	Keep away from heat/sparks/open flames/hot surfaces No smoking.
P271	Use in a well-ventilated area.
P240	Ground/bond container and receiving equipment.
P241	Use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/intrinsically safe equipment.
P242	Use only non-sparking tools.
P243	Take precautionary measures against static discharge.
P261	Avoid breathing mist/vapours/spray.
P273	Avoid release to the environment.
P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P370+P378	In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam or normal protein foam for extinction.	
P312	Call a POISON CENTER or doctor/physician if you feel unwell.	
P303+P361+P353	IF ON SKIN (or hair): Remove/Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Rinse skin with water/shower.	
P304+P340	IF INHALED: Remove victim to fresh air and keep at rest in a position comfortable for breathing.	

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P403+P235	Store in a well-ventilated place. Keep cool.	
P405	Store locked up.	

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
64742-82-1.	1-5	naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrodesulfurised
64742-48-9.	10-30	naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Description of first aid incasul	rescription of mist all measures		
Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.		
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.		
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary. 		
Ingestion	 If swallowed do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, lean patient forward or place on left side (head-down position, if possible) to maintain open airway and prevent aspiration. Observe the patient carefully. Never give liquid to a person showing signs of being sleepy or with reduced awareness; i.e. becoming unconscious. Give water to rinse out mouth, then provide liquid slowly and as much as casualty can comfortably drink. Seek medical advice. Avoid giving milk or oils. Avoid giving alcohol. If spontaneous vomiting appears imminent or occurs, hold patient's head down, lower than their hips to help avoid possible aspiration of vomitus. 		

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Foam.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	▶ Avoid contamination with oxidising agents i.e. nitrates, oxidising acids, chlorine bleaches, pool chlorine etc. as ignition may result
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Advice for firefighters

Fire Fighting	▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Liquid and vapour are flammable. Combustion products include: carbon monoxide (CO) carbon dioxide (CO2)
HAZCHEM	•3Y

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	▶ Remove all ignition sources. Contain spill with inert non- combustible absorbent then place in suitable container for disposal. Clean area with large quantity of water to complete clean- up.
Major Spills	Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Remove all ignition sources. Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Wear appropriate personnel protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Avoid breathing in mists or vapours and skin or eyes contact. Extinguish or remove all sources of ignition and stop leak if safe to do so. Increase ventilation. Evacuate all unprotected personnel. If possible contain the spill. Place inert absorbent, non- combustible material onto spillage. Use clean non- sparking tools to collect the material and place into suitable labelled containers for subsequent recycling or disposal. Dispose of waste according to the applicable local and national regulations. If contamination of sewers or waterways occurs inform the local water and waste management authority.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handli	na

Safe handling	Even with proper grounding and bonding, this material can still accumulate an electrostatic charge. Containers, even those that have been emptied, may contain explosive vapours. Electrostatic discharge may be generated during pumping - this may result in fire. Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation. DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin
Other information	► Store in original containers in approved flammable liquid storage area.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Packing as supplied by manufacturer.
Storage incompatibility	F strong oxidising agents.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
Australia Exposure Standards	naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrodesulfurised	White spirits	790 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
Australia Exposure Standards	naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy	White spirits	790 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	edient Material name			
naphtha petroleum, heavy,	Stoddard solvent; (Mineral spirits, 85% nonane and 15% trimethyl benzene)	300	1,800	29500**
hydrodesulfurised		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3
naphtha, petroleum,	Nannina hydrotreated neavy: (Isonar L-rey 2)		1,800	40,000
hydrodesulfurised heavy			mg/m3	mg/m3
Naphtha (coal tar); includes solvent naphtha, petroleum (64742-88-7), naphtha (petroleum) light aliphatic, rubber solvent (64742-89-8), heaevy catalytic cracked (64741-54-4), light straight run (64741-46-4), heavy aliphatic solvent (64742-96-7), high flash aromatic and aromatic solvent naphtha (64742-95-6)		1,200	6,700	40,000
		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3
Naphtha (coal tar); includes solvent naphtha, petroleum (64742-88-7), naphtha (petroleum) light aliphatic, rubber solvent (64742-89-8), heavy catalytic cracked (64741-54-4), light straight run (64741-46-4), heavy aliphatic solvent (64742-96-7), high flash aromatic and aromatic solvent naphtha (64742-95-6)		1,200	6,700	40,000
		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3
naphtha, petroleum,	Petroleum distillates; petroleum ether; includes clay-treated light naphthenic [64742-45-6]; low boiling [68477-31-6]; petroleum extracts [64742-06-9]; petroleum base oil [64742-46-7]; petroleum 50 thinner, petroleum spirits [64475-85-0], Soltrol, VM&P naphtha [8032-32-4]; Ligroine, and paint solvent; petroleum paraffins C5-C20 [64771-72-8]; hydrotreated light naphthenic [64742-53-6]; solvent refined light naphthenic [64741-97-5]: and machine coolant 1	1,100	1,800	40,000
hydrodesulfurised heavy		mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3

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Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy			6,700 mg/m3	40,000 mg/m3
Petroleum distillates; petroleum ether; includes clay-treated light naphthenic [64742-45-6]; low boiling [68477-31-6]; petroleum extracts [64742-06-9]; petroleum base oil [64742-46-7]; petroleum 50 thinner, petroleum spirits [64475-85-0], Soltrol, VM&P naphtha [8032-32-4]; Ligroine, and paint solvent; petroleum paraffins C5-C20 [64771-72-8]; hydrotreated light naphthenic [64742-53-6]; solvent refined light naphthenic [64741-97-5]; and machine coolant 1		1,100 mg/m3	1,800 mg/m3	40,000 mg/m3
naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy Stoddard solvent; (Mineral spirits, 85% nonane and 15% trimethyl benzene)		300 mg/m3	1,800 mg/m3	29500** mg/m3
Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH		
naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrodesulfurised	20,000 mg/m3	Not Available		
naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy	20,000 mg/m3 / 1,100 ppm / 1,000 ppm	Not Available		

MATERIAL DATA

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	► Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	 Overalls. Some plastic personal protective equipment (PPE) (e.g. gloves, aprons, overshoes) are not recommended as they may produce static electricity.

Respiratory protection

Type A Filter of sufficient capacity.

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Dispersion with mild solvent odour		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.13-1.33
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	Not Available	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	350-440
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	155-185	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	38	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Flammable.	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	49-51
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Immiscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	383-399

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	► stable

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Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

rmation on toxicological e	ifects				
Inhaled	Inhalation of vapours may cause drowsiness and dizziness. Acute effects from inhalation of high concentrations of vapour are pulmonary irritation, including coughing, with nausea; central nervous system depression - characterised by headache and dizziness, increased reaction time, fatigue and loss of co-ordination				
Ingestion	Accidental ingestion of the material may be damaging to the health of the individual. Central nervous system (CNS) depression may include nonspecific discomfort, symptoms of giddiness, headache, dizziness, nausea, anaesthetic effects, slowed reaction time, slurred speech and may progress to unconsciousness.				
Skin Contact	Repeated exposure may cause skin cracking, flaking or drying following normal handling and use. Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects.				
Eye	Limited evidence exists, or practical experience suggests, that the material may cause eye irritation in a substantial number of individuals and/or is expected to produce significant ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation into the eye(s) of experimental animals.				
	Petroleum hydrocarbons may produce pain after direct contact with the eyes.				
Chronic	Prolonged or repeated skin contact may cause drying with cracking, irritation a On the basis, primarily, of animal experiments, concern has been expressed the respect of the available information, however, there presently exists inadequate	nat the mate	erial may produce carcinogenic or mutagenic effects; i		
	TOXICITY	RITATION			
RESENE LUSTA -GLO		t Available			
		RITATION			
naphtha petroleum, heavy,			se effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]		
hydrodesulfurised			effect observed (irritating) ^[1]		
		n: no adver	se effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]		
	Oral (rat) LD50: >6000 mg/kgl ¹]				
	TOXICITY	RITATION			
	Oral (rat) LD50: >4500 mg/kg ^[1] Ey	Oral (rat) LD50: >4500 mg/kg ^[1] Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]			
naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy	Oral (rat) LD50: >5000 mg/kg ^[1] Skin: adverse effect observed (irritating) ^[1]				
	Oral (rat) LD50: >5570 mg/kg ^[1] Sk	n: no adver	se effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]		
	Oral (rat) LD50: >6000 mg/kg ^[1]				
Legend:	Nalue obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances.		otained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise		
NAPHTHA PETROLEUM, HEAVY, HYDRODESULFURISED	For C9 aromatics (typically trimethylbenzenes - TMBs) Acute Toxicity Acute toxicity studies (oral, dermal and inhalation routes of exposure) have be predominantly mixed C9 aromatic hydrocarbons (CAS RN 64742-95-6). for petroleum: Altered mental state, drowsiness, peripheral motor neuropathy, irreversible bra seizures, and sudden death have been reported from repeated overexposure This product may contain benzene which is known to cause acute myeloid leu compounds which are neuropathic.	nin damage to some hyd	(so-called Petrol Sniffer's Encephalopathy), delirium, drocarbon solvents, naphthas, and gasoline		
RESENE LUSTA -GLO & NAPHTHA PETROLEUM, HEAVY, HYDRODESULFURISED	This product contains toluene. For trimethylbenzenes: Absorption of 1,2,4-trimethylbenzene occurs after oral, inhalation, or dermal exposure.				
NAPHTHA PETROLEUM, HEAVY, HYDRODESULFURISED & NAPHTHA, PETROLEUM, HYDRODESULFURISED HEAVY	No significant acute toxicological data identified in literature search. Studies indicate that normal, branched and cyclic paraffins are absorbed from n-paraffins is inversely proportional to the carbon chain length, with little absor				
Acute Toxicity	X Carcin	genicity	×		
Skin Irritation/Corrosion		ductivity	×		
	X STOT - Single I	xposure	✓		

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Respiratory or Skin sensitisation × STOT - Repeated Exposure Mutagenicity Aspiration Hazard

 X − Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification
 y − Data available to make classification Legend:

SECTION 12 Ecological information

city					
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
RESENE LUSTA -GLO	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	LC50	96	Fish	4.1mg/L	2
	EC50	48	Crustacea	4.5mg/L	2
naphtha petroleum, heavy,	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>1-mg/L	2
hydrodesulfurised	NOEL	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.1mg/L	2
	LC50	96	Fish	0.14mg/L	2
	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.277mg/L	2
	NOEC	720	Fish	0.02mg/L	2
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species	Value	Source
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	=13mg/L	1
	NOEC	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	=0.1mg/L	1
	LC50	96	Fish	4.1mg/L	2
	EC50	48	Crustacea	4.5mg/L	2
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>1-mg/L	2
	NOEL	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.1mg/L	2
	LC50	96	Fish	4.1mg/L	2
	EC50	48	Crustacea	4.5mg/L	2
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>1-mg/L	2
	NOEL	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.1mg/L	2
	LC50	96	Fish	18mg/L	2
	EC50	48	Crustacea	1.4mg/L	2
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	3.7mg/L	2
	NOEL	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.2mg/L	2
naphtha, petroleum,	LC50	96	Fish	4.1mg/L	2
hydrodesulfurised heavy	EC50	48	Crustacea	4.5mg/L	2
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>1-mg/L	2
	NOEC	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	<0.1mg/L	1
	NOEC	192	Crustacea	=5mg/L	1
	LC50	96	Fish	4.1mg/L	2
	EC50	48	Crustacea	4.5mg/L	2
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>1-mg/L	2
	NOEC	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	<0.1mg/L	1
	LC50	96	Fish	4.1mg/L	2
	EC50	48	Crustacea	4.5mg/L	2
	EC50	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	>1-mg/L	2
	NOEC	72	Algae or other aquatic plants	<0.1mg/L	1
	LC50	96	Fish	0.14mg/L	2
	EC50	96	Algae or other aquatic plants	0.277mg/L	2
	NOEC	720	Fish	0.02mg/L	2
Legend:	V3.12 (QSAR	n 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Regis) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, I (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan)	Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECET		

Harmful to aquatic organisms, may cause long-term adverse effects in the aquatic environment.

Do NOT allow product to come in contact with surface waters or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark.

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient Persistence: Water/Soil Persistence: Air Version No: 3.3 Page 7 of 9 Issue Date

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Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
	No Data available for all ingredients	No Data available for all ingredients
	·	•

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation	
No Data available for all ingredients		

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
	No Data available for all ingredients

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory.

- DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
- ► Recycle wherever possible.

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required



Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	•3Y

Land transport (ADG)

UN number	1263		
UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)		
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 3 Subrisk Not Applicable		
Packing group			
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable		
Special precautions for user	Special provisions 163 223 367 Limited quantity 5 L		

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

UN number	1263				
UN proper shipping name	Paint (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base); Paint related material (including paint thinning or reducing compounds)				
Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO/IATA Class 3 ICAO / IATA Subrisk Not Applicable ERG Code 3L				
Packing group	Ш				
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable				
	Special provisions		A3 A72 A192		
	Cargo Only Packing Ir		366		
	Cargo Only Maximum	Qty / Pack	220 L		
Special precautions for user	Passenger and Cargo	Packing Instructions	355		
	Passenger and Cargo	Maximum Qty / Pack	60 L		
	Passenger and Cargo	Limited Quantity Packing Instructions	Y344		
	Passenger and Cargo	Limited Maximum Qty / Pack	10 L		

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

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UN proper shipping name	PAINT (including paint, lacquer, enamel, stain, shellac, varnish, polish, liquid filler and liquid lacquer base) or PAINT RELATED MATERIAL (including paint thinning or reducing compound)			
Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class 3 IMDG Subrisk Not Applicable			
Packing group	III			
Environmental hazard	Not Applicable			
Special precautions for user	EMS Number F-E , S-E Special provisions 163 223 367 955 Limited Quantities 5 L			

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrodesulfurised is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 5

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

 $\label{lambda} \textbf{International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC \, Monographs}$

naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy is found on the following regulatory lists

Australia Hazardous Chemical Information System (HCIS) - Hazardous Chemicals

Australia Standard for the Uniform Scheduling of Medicines and Poisons (SUSMP) - Schedule 5

Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals (AIIC)

Chemical Footprint Project - Chemicals of High Concern List

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC Monographs

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status		
Australia - AIIC	Yes		
Australia - Non-Industrial Use	No (naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrodesulfurised; naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy)		
Canada - DSL	Yes		
Canada - NDSL	No (naphtha petroleum, heavy, hydrodesulfurised; naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurised heavy)		
China - IECSC	Yes		
Europe - EINEC / ELINCS / NLP	Yes		
Japan - ENCS	Yes		
Korea - KECI	Yes		
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes		
Philippines - PICCS	Yes		
USA - TSCA	Yes		
Taiwan - TCSI	Yes		
Mexico - INSQ	Yes		
Vietnam - NCI	Yes		
Russia - ARIPS	Yes		
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)		

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	12/10/2020
Initial Date	29/05/2018

SDS Version Summary

,		
Version	Issue Date	Sections Updated
2.3.1.1.1	12/10/2020	Acute Health (eye), Acute Health (inhaled), Acute Health (swallowed), Classification, First Aid (eye), First Aid (swallowed)

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

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Definitions and abbreviations

PC — TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average PC — STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index

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