# **RESENE FX WRITE- ON WALL PAINT PART A**

#### **Resene Paints Ltd**

Version No: 1.1 Safety Data Sheet according to HSNO Regulations Issue Date: **25/10/2019**Print Date: **25/10/2019**L.GHS.NZL.EN

# SECTION 1 IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE / MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY / UNDERTAKING

#### **Product Identifier**

Product name	RESENE FX WRITE- ON WALL PAINT PART A
Synonyms	Not Available
Other means of identification	Not Available

#### Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses	10407
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# Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Resene Paints Ltd
Address	32-50 Vogel Street Wellington New Zealand
Telephone	+64 4 577 0500
Fax	+64 4 5773327
Website	www.resene.co.nz
Email	advice@resene.co.nz

# Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisa	ion NZ POISONS (24hr 7 days)	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE
Emergency telepl num		+64 800 700 112
Other emergency telepl		+61 2 9186 1132

## **SECTION 2 HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

# Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification [1]	Eye Irritation Category 2, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 3
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	6.3B, 6.4A

# Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)



SIGNAL WORD

WARNING

# Hazard statement(s)

H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H316	Causes mild skin irritation.

# Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P280	Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
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# Precautionary statement(s) Response

P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P332+P313	If skin irritation occurs: Get medical advice/attention.
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.

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Not Applicable

# Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

Not Applicable

# **SECTION 3 COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS**

#### Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Ingredients are required by the Hazard Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017 to be identified:

# Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
5131-66-8	1-5	propylene glycol monobutyl ether - alpha isomer
102-71-6	1-5	triethanolamine
108-01-0	0.1-1	dimethylethanolamine

#### **SECTION 4 FIRST AID MEASURES**

# Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes:  Nash out immediately with fresh running water.  Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids.  Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention.  Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs:  Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear.  Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available).  Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	<ul> <li>If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.</li> <li>Other measures are usually unnecessary.</li> </ul>
Ingestion	<ul> <li>Immediately give a glass of water.</li> <li>First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.</li> </ul>

# Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

# **SECTION 5 FIREFIGHTING MEASURES**

### **Extinguishing media**

- ▶ There is no restriction on the type of extinguisher which may be used.
- ▶ Use extinguishing media suitable for surrounding area.

# Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	None known.
Advice for firefighters	
Fire Fighting	► Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.
Fire/Explosion Hazard	► Non combustible.  May emit poisonous fumes.  May emit corrosive fumes.

# **SECTION 6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES**

# Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

# **Environmental precautions**

See section 12

# Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	► Clean up all spills immediately.
Major Spills	Moderate hazard.

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Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

# **SECTION 7 HANDLING AND STORAGE**

#### Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling

Avoid all personal contact, including inhalation.

DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin

Other information

# Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	► Polyethylene or polypropylene container.
Storage incompatibility	None known

# **SECTION 8 EXPOSURE CONTROLS / PERSONAL PROTECTION**

#### **Control parameters**

#### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE LIMITS (OEL)

# INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	triethanolamine	Triethanolamine	5 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	dimethylethanolamine	Dimethylaminoethanol	2 ppm / 7.4 mg/m3	22 mg/m3 / 6 ppm	Not Available	Not Available

#### **EMERGENCY LIMITS**

Ingredient	Material name	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
triethanolamine	Triethanolamine; (Trihydroxytriethylamine)	15 mg/m3	240 mg/m3	1,500 mg/m3
dimethylethanolamine	Dimethylaminoethanol, 2-	3.7 ppm	40 ppm	72 ppm

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
propylene glycol monobutyl ether - alpha isomer	Not Available	Not Available
triethanolamine	Not Available	Not Available
dimethylethanolamine	Not Available	Not Available

#### OCCUPATIONAL EXPOSURE BANDING

Ingredient	Occupational Exposure Band Rating	Occupational Exposure Band Limit	
propylene glycol monobutyl ether - alpha isomer	E	≤ 0.1 ppm	
Notes:	Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemicals into specific categories or bands based on a chemical's potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposure. The output of this process is an occupational exposure band (OEB), which corresponds to a range of exposure concentrations that are expected to protect worker health.		

# MATERIAL DATA

For ethanol:

Odour Threshold Value: 49-716 ppm (detection), 101 ppm (recognition)

Eye and respiratory tract irritation do not appear to occur at exposure levels of less than 5000 ppm and the TLV-TWA is thought to provide an adequate margin of safety against such effects.

for triethanolamine:

Exposure at or below the TLV-TWA is thought to minimise the potential for skin and eye irritation, and acute effects (including liver, kidney and nerve damage) and chronic effects (including cancer and allergic contact dermatitis).

#### **Exposure controls**

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	► Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	<ul> <li>Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.</li> <li>NOTE:</li> <li>The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals.</li> <li>The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer.</li> </ul>

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Body protection	Overalls
Respiratory protection	Not usually required. Where the concentration of vapours in the breathing zone approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standards" respiratory protection is required. Type A Filter of sufficient capacity.

#### Recommended material(s)

#### GLOVE SELECTION INDEX

Glove selection is based on a modified presentation of the:

Forsberg Clothing Performance Index'.

The effect(s) of the following substance(s) are taken into account in the *computer-generated* selection:

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Material	СРІ
BUTYL	A
NATURAL RUBBER	С
NATURAL+NEOPRENE	С
NEOPRENE	С
NEOPRENE/NATURAL	С
NITRILE	С
NITRILE+PVC	С
PE/EVAL/PE	С
PVA	С
PVC	С

<sup>\*</sup> CPI - Chemwatch Performance Index

A: Best Selection

NOTE: As a series of factors will influence the actual performance of the glove, a final selection must be based on detailed observation.

# **SECTION 9 PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES**

### Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Liquid		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.04-1.07
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	7.7-8.1	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	400-600
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	100	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	67
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	74

## **SECTION 10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	▶ stable.
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7

B: Satisfactory; may degrade after 4 hours continuous immersion

C: Poor to Dangerous Choice for other than short term immersion

<sup>\*</sup> Where the glove is to be used on a short term, casual or infrequent basis, factors such as 'feel' or convenience (e.g. disposability), may dictate a choice of gloves which might otherwise be unsuitable following long-term or frequent use. A qualified practitioner should be consulted.

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Hazardous decomposition products

See section 5

# SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

SECTION 11 TOXICOLOGIC	AL INFORMATION				
Information on toxicological ef	fects				
Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models).				
Ingestion	The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classified	ification sy	stems as 'harmful by ingestion'.		
Skin Contact	Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives); the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions.  Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material  Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects.				
Еуе	Evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material may cause eye irritation in a substantial number of individuals and/or may produce significant ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation into the eye(s) of experimental animals.				
Chronic	Practical experience shows that skin contact with the material is capal individuals, and/or of producing a positive response in experimental ar		of inducing a sensitisation reaction in a substantial number of		
DESCRIPE BY MIDITE ON WALL	TOXICITY	IRRITA	ATION		
RESENE FX WRITE- ON WALL PAINT PART A	Not Available		vailable		
	TOXICITY	IRRI	TATION		
propylene glycol monobutyl	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>		(rabbit): 15 mg SEVERE		
ether - alpha isomer	Inhalation (rat) LC50: >1997.718 mg/l/8hE <sup>[2]</sup>		adverse effect observed (irritating) <sup>[1]</sup>		
	Oral (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>		(rabbit0: 500 mg OPEN - mild		
		Skin	: adverse effect observed (irritating)[1]		
	TOXICITY IRRITATION				
	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>		rabbit): 0.1 ml -		
	Oral (rat) LD50: 4190 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>		rabbit): 10 mg - mild		
		Eye (ı	Eye (rabbit): 5.62 mg - SEVERE		
triethanolamine		minor	conjunctival irritation		
		no irritation *			
		Skin (human): 15 mg/3d (int)-mild			
			(rabbit): 4 h occluded (rabbit): 560 mg/24 hr- mild		
		Oluir	(Massily). 666 High 244 iii Hillia		
	TOXICITY		IRRITATION		
	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 1219.3 mg/kg <sup>[2]</sup>		Eye (rabbit):0.75 mg(open)-SEVERE		
dimethylethanolamine	Inhalation (rat) LC50: 1639.127619 mg/l/4hE <sup>[2]</sup>		Skin (rabbit): 445 mg(open)-mild		
	Oral (rat) LD50: 1182.7 mg/kg <sup>[1]</sup>				
Legend:	Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances				
PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER - ALPHA ISOMER	for propylene glycol ethers (PGEs): Typical propylene glycol ethers include propylene glycol n-butyl ether ether acetate (DPMA); tripropylene glycol methyl ether (TPM).	(PnB); dipr	ropylene glycol n-butyl ether (DPnB); dipropylene glycol methyl		
TRIETHANOLAMINE	For triethanolamine (and its salts):  Acute toxicity: Triethanolamine is of low toxicity by the oral, dermal and inhalation routes of exposure.  551teapcp The substance is classified by IARC as Group 3:  NOT classifiable as to its carcinogenicity to humans.  NOTE: Substance has been shown to be mutagenic in at least one assay, or belongs to a family of chemicals producing damage or change to cellular DNA.  Lachrymation, diarrhoea, convulsions, urinary tract changes, changes in bladder weight, changes in testicular weight, changes in thymus weight, changes in liver weight, dermatitis after systemic exposure, kidney, ureter, bladder tumours recorded. Equivocal tumourigen by RTECS criteria.  Dermal rabbit value quoted above is for occluded patch in male or female animals * Union Carbide				
DIMETHYLETHANOLAMINE	For dimethylethanolamine (DMAE) and selected salts and esters:  Toxicology:  Humans: 10 to 20 mg (0.042-0.084 mmol) of DMAE tartrate administered orally to humans, produced mild mental stimulation.				

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The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product.

# TRIETHANOLAMINE & DIMETHYLETHANOLAMINE

Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ceases.

While it is difficult to generalise about the full range of potential health effects posed by exposure to the many different amine compounds, characterised by those used in the manufacture of polyurethane and polyisocyanurate foams, it is agreed that overexposure to the majority of these materials may cause adverse health effects.

The material may produce severe irritation to the eye causing pronounced inflammation.

The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce a contact dermatitis (nonallergic).

Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	✓	Reproductivity	X
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	✓	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	×	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	×	Aspiration Hazard	X

Legend:

X - Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification

Data available to make classification

#### **SECTION 12 ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

#### Toxicity

RESENE FX WRITE- ON WALL	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)		SPECIES	VALUE		SOURCE
PAINT PART A	Not Available	Not Available		Not Available	Not Availal	ble	Not Available
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPEC	CIES		VALUE	SOURCE
	LC50	96	Fish	-		1-60mg/L	2
propylene glycol monobutyl	EC50	48	Crust	acea		>1-mg/L	2
ether - alpha isomer	EC50	96	Algae	or other aquatic plan	ts	>1-mg/L	2
	NOEC	96	Fish			180mg/L	2
						·	<u>'</u>
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECI	ES		VALUE	SOURCE
	LC50	96	Fish			11-800mg/L	2
	EC50	48	Crusta	cea		609.88mg/L	2
triethanolamine	EC50	96	Algae	or other aquatic plants	3	169mg/L	1
	EC0	24	Crusta	cea		1-530mg/L	2
	NOEC	504	Crusta	cea		16mg/L	1
	ENDPOINT	TEST DURATION (HR)	SPECI	ES		VALUE	SOURCE
	LC50	96	Fish			88-131mg/L	1
dim eth deth en elemine	EC50	48	Crusta	cea		98.37mg/L	2
dimethylethanolamine	EC50	72	Algae	or other aquatic plants	3	=35mg/L	1
	EC20	72	Algae	or other aquatic plants	3	18mg/L	1
	NOEC	96	Fish			100mg/L	1

Legend

Extracted from 1. IUCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Ecotoxicological Information - Aquatic Toxicity 3. EPIWIN Suite V3.12 (QSAR) - Aquatic Toxicity Data (Estimated) 4. US EPA, Ecotox database - Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETOC Aquatic Hazard Assessment Data 6. NITE (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 7. METI (Japan) - Bioconcentration Data 8. Vendor Data

# **DO NOT** discharge into sewer or waterways

# Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
propylene glycol monobutyl ether - alpha isomer	LOW	LOW
triethanolamine	LOW	LOW
dimethylethanolamine	LOW	LOW

## **Bioaccumulative potential**

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation	
propylene glycol monobutyl ether - alpha isomer	LOW (LogKOW = 0.9842)	
triethanolamine	LOW (BCF = 3.9)	

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dimethylethanolamine LOW (LogKOW = -0.9351)

#### Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
propylene glycol monobutyl ether - alpha isomer	HIGH (KOC = 1.289)
triethanolamine	LOW (KOC = 10)
dimethylethanolamine	HIGH (KOC = 1.602)

#### **SECTION 13 DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

#### Waste treatment methods

Product / Packaging disposal

► Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty.

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory.

- ▶ DO NOT allow wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains.
- Recycle wherever possible.

Consult manufacturer for recycling option.

Resene Paintwise accepts residual unwanted paint and packaging. See Resene website for Paintwise information. Or contact a Local Authority for the disposal information. Do not discharge the substance into the environment.

Ensure that the hazardous substance is disposed in accordance with the Hazardous Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017

#### **Disposal Requirements**

Packages that have been in direct contact with the hazardous substance must be only disposed if the hazardous substance was appropriately removed and cleaned out from the package.

### **SECTION 14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

#### Labels Required

Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

 ${\bf Sea\ transport\ (IMDG-Code\ /\ GGVSee):\ NOT\ REGULATED\ FOR\ TRANSPORT\ OF\ DANGEROUS\ GOODS}$ 

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

# **SECTION 15 REGULATORY INFORMATION**

# Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard
HSR002670	Surface Coatings and Colourants (Subsidiary Hazard) Group Standard 2017

# PROPYLENE GLYCOL MONOBUTYL ETHER - ALPHA ISOMER IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles

IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements

International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code)

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO)  $\operatorname{Act}$  - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations

#### TRIETHANOLAMINE IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles

IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements

IMO MARPOL (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk

International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - Agents Classified by the IARC

Monographs

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO)  $\operatorname{Act}$  - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

# DIMETHYLETHANOLAMINE IS FOUND ON THE FOLLOWING REGULATORY LISTS

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GESAMP/EHS Composite List - GESAMP Hazard Profiles

IMO IBC Code Chapter 17: Summary of minimum requirements

IMO MARPOL (Annex II) - List of Noxious Liquid Substances Carried in Bulk

International Air Transport Association (IATA) Dangerous Goods Regulations

International Maritime Dangerous Goods Requirements (IMDG Code)

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)

United Nations Recommendations on the Transport of Dangerous Goods Model Regulations

#### **Hazardous Substance Location**

Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Quantity beyond which controls apply for closed containers	Quantity beyond which controls apply when use occurring in open containers
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

#### **Certified Handler**

Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Class of substance	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Refer Group Standards for further information

#### **Tracking Requirements**

Not Applicable

#### **National Inventory Status**

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AICS	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory and are not exempt from listing(see specific ingredients in brackets)

# **SECTION 16 OTHER INFORMATION**

Re	evision Date	25/10/2019
	Initial Date	24/10/2019

# Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

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