

Master item code: 102195K

Safety Data Sheet dated 10/23/2019, version 1

#### 1. Identification

#### GHS Product Identifier

Mixture identification: Trade name: SPC-202N MSDS code: P50104 Recommended use of the chemical and restrictions on use Recommended use: Paint Remover Industrial uses Restrictions on use: No uses advised against are identified. Supplier's details Manufacturers: Sea to Sky Innovations Limited - Unit 204, 6741 Cariboo Road

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#### **Distributors:**

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#### Emergency phone number:

New Zealand emergency phone number: 0800 764 766 (0800 POISON)

#### 2. Hazard identification

Classification complies with the provisions of the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS) and is consistent with ERMA New Zealand Approval number (HSNO) which is reported in Section 15.



Warning, Acute Tox. 4, Harmful if swallowed.



Warning, Eye Irrit. 2A, Causes serious eye irritation.

#### GHS label elements, including precautionary statements

Hazard pictograms:



Warning Hazard statements: H302 Harmful if swallowed.

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H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Precautionary statements:

P264 Wash hands thoroughly after handling.

P270 Do not eat, drink or smoke when using this product.

P280 Wear protective gloves/protective clothing/eye protection/face protection.
P301+P312 IF SWALLOWED: Call a POISON CENTER/doctor/...if you feel unwell.
P305+P351+P338 IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.
P330 Rinse mouth.
P337+P313 If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.
P501 Dispose of contents/container in accordance with applicable regulations.

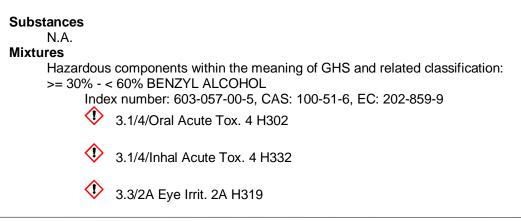
Special Provisions:

None

Other hazards which do not result in a classification

No other hazards

#### 3. Composition/information on ingredients



#### 4. First-aid measures

#### Description of necessary first-aid measures

In case of skin contact:

Immediately take off all contaminated clothing.

Areas of the body that have - or are only even suspected of having - come into contact with the product must be rinsed immediately with plenty of running water and possibly with soap. Wash thoroughly the body (shower or bath).

Remove contaminated clothing immediately and dispose of safely.

After contact with skin, wash immediately with soap and plenty of water.

In case of eyes contact:

After contact with the eyes, rinse with water with the eyelids open for a sufficient length of time, then consult an opthalmologist immediately.

Protect uninjured eye.

In case of Ingestion:

Give nothing to eat or drink.

In case of Inhalation:

Remove casualty to fresh air and keep warm and at rest.

#### Most important symptoms/effects, acute and delayed

None

Indication of immediate medical attention and special treatment needed, if necessary

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In case of accident or unwellness, seek medical advice immediately (show directions for use or safety data sheet if possible). Treatment: No particular treatment.

#### 5. Fire-fighting measures

#### Suitable extinguishing media Water. Carbon dioxide (CO2). Unsuitable extinguishing media: None in particular. Special hazards arising from the chemical Do not inhale explosion and combustion gases. Burning produces heavy smoke. Hazardous combustion products: None Explosive properties: N.A. Oxidizing properties: N.A. Special protective actions for fire-fighters Use suitable breathing apparatus. Collect contaminated fire extinguishing water separately. This must not be discharged into drains. Move undamaged containers from immediate hazard area if it can be done safely.

#### 6. Accidental release measures

#### Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Wear personal protection equipment. Remove persons to safety.

See protective measures under point 7 and 8.

#### Environmental precautions

Do not allow to enter into soil/subsoil. Do not allow to enter into surface water or drains. Retain contaminated washing water and dispose it.

In case of gas escape or of entry into waterways, soil or drains, inform the responsible authorities.

Suitable material for taking up: absorbing material, organic, sand

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Wash with plenty of water.

#### 7. Handling and storage

#### Precautions for safe handling

Avoid contact with skin and eyes, inhalation of vapours and mists. Don't use empty container before they have been cleaned. Before making transfer operations, assure that there aren't any incompatible material residuals in the containers.

See also section 8 for recommended protective equipment.

Advice on general occupational hygiene:

Contamined clothing should be changed before entering eating areas.

Do not eat or drink while working.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Keep away from food, drink and feed.

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Incompatible materials: None in particular. Instructions as regards storage premises: Adequately ventilated premises.

#### 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

#### **Control parameters**

No occupational exposure limit available

### DNEL Exposure Limit Values

BENZYL ALCOHOL - CAS: 100-51-6

Worker Professional: 40 mg/kg bw/day - Consumer: 28.5 - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects

Worker Professional: 110 mg/m3 - Consumer: 27 mg/kg bw/day - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects

Worker Professional: 8 mg/kg bw/day - Consumer: 5.7 - Exposure: Human Dermal - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Worker Professional: 22 mg/m3 - Consumer: 5.4 mg/m3 - Exposure: Human Inhalation - Frequency: Long Term, systemic effects

Consumer: 20 mg/kg bw/day - Exposure: Human Oral - Frequency: Short Term, systemic effects

#### **PNEC Exposure Limit Values**

BENZYL ALCOHOL - CAS: 100-51-6

Target: Fresh Water - Value: 1 mg/l

Target: Marine water - Value: 0.1 mg/l

Target: PNEC01 - Value: 2.3 mg/l

Target: Soil (agricultural) - Value: 0.456 mg/kg

Target: Freshwater sediments - Value: 5.27 mg/kg

Target: Marine water sediments - Value: 0.527 mg/kg

Target: Microorganisms in sewage treatments - Value: 39 mg/l

#### Appropriate engineering controls:

None

# Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment (PPE) Eye protection:

Face protection shield. (EN 166)

Safety goggles (EN 166)

Use closed fitting safety goggles, don't use eye lens.

#### Protection for skin:

Use clothing that provides comprehensive protection to the skin, e.g. cotton, rubber, PVC or viton.

#### Protection for hands:

Use protective gloves that provides comprehensive protection, e.g. P.V.C., neoprene or rubber.

#### **Respiratory protection:**

Use respiratory protection where ventilation is insufficient or exposure is prolonged such as Mask with filter "A1" brown color(NF EN 14387)

**Thermal Hazards:** 

None

#### 9. Physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Method:	Notes
Appearance and colour:	Emulsion and white		



Odour:	N.A.	 
Odour threshold:	N.A.	 
pH:	6.0 - 8.0	 
Melting point / freezing point:	Not Relevant	 
Initial boiling point and boiling range:	100 deg C	 Water based
Flash point (deg C):	>100 deg C	 
Evaporation rate:	<1.0	 
Solid/gas flammability:	N.A.	 
Upper/lower flammability or explosive	N.A.	 
limits:		
Vapour pressure:	N.A.	 
Vapour density:	<1.0	 
Relative density:	1.03	 
Solubility in water:	Partially	 
Solubility in oil:	N.A.	 
Partition coefficient (n-octanol/water):	N.A.	 
Auto-ignition temperature:	N.A.	 
Decomposition temperature:	N.A.	 
Viscosity:	3,000 - 18,000 cPs	 

#### **10. Stability Toxicological information**

#### Reactivity Stable under normal conditions Chemical stability Stable under normal conditions Possibility of hazardous reactions None Conditions to avoid Stable under normal conditions. Incompatible materials None in particular. Hazardous decomposition products None.

#### **11. Toxicological information**

Information on toxicological effects
Toxicological information of the product:
N.A.
Toxicological information of the main substances found in the product:
BENZYL ALCOHOL - CAS: 100-51-6
a) acute toxicity:
Test: LC50 - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat > 4178 mg/m3 - Duration: 4h
Test: LD50 - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 1620 MGKGBWDAY
Test: LOAEL
<ul> <li>Route: Oral - Species: Mouse = 750 mg/kg - Duration: 8 days</li> </ul>
g) reproductive toxicity:
Test: NOAEL - Route: Oral - Species: Mouse = 550 MGKGBWDAY - Source: 6-15
days
i) STOT-repeated exposure:
Test: NOAEL - Route: Oral - Species: Rat = 400 MGKGBWDAY

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Test: NOAEL - Route: Oral - Species: Mouse = 200 MGKGBWDAY Test: NOAEL - Route: Inhalation - Species: Rat = 1072 mg/m3 BENZYL ALCOHOL - CAS: 100-51-6 LD50 (RABBIT) SKIN SINGLE DOSE: 2000 MG/KG

#### If not differently specified, the information listed below must be considered as N.A.:

- a) acute toxicity;
- b) skin corrosion/irritation;
- c) serious eye damage/irritation;
- d) respiratory or skin sensitisation;
- e) germ cell mutagenicity;
- f) carcinogenicity;
- g) reproductive toxicity;
- h) STOT-single exposure;
- i) STOT-repeated exposure;
- i) aspiration hazard.
- j) aspiration nazaro

#### **12. Ecological information**

#### Toxicity

Adopt good working practices, so that the product is not released into the environment. BENZYL ALCOHOL - CAS: 100-51-6 a) Aquatic acute toxicity: Endpoint: LC50 - Species: Fish = 460 mg/l - Duration h: 96 - Notes: Pimephales promelas, fresh water, static system Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Daphnia = 230 mg/l - Duration h: 48 b) Aquatic chronic toxicity: Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Daphnia = 51 mg/l - Duration h: 504 d) Terrestrial toxicity: Endpoint: IC50 - Species: Microorganisms = 390 mg/kg - Duration h: 24 - Notes: ISO 8192: Nitrosomas e) Plant toxicity: Endpoint: NOEC - Species: Algae = 310 mg/l - Duration h: 72 - Notes: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Endpoint: EC50 - Species: Algae = 770 mg/l - Duration h: 72 - Notes: Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata Persistence and degradability BENZYL ALCOHOL - CAS: 100-51-6 Biodegradability: Biodegradation in water - Test: MITI modif(I) - Duration: 14 days - %: 92-96 - Notes: OECD 301C **Bioaccumulative potential** BENZYL ALCOHOL - CAS: 100-51-6 BCF 1.37 l/kg Log Kow 1.05 - Notes: 20?C Mobility in soil BENZYL ALCOHOL - CAS: 100-51-6 Log Koc 15.7 Volality (H: Henry's Law Constant) 0.0879 Pa.m?/mol Other adverse effects No harmful effects expected.

**13. Disposal considerations** 



#### **Disposal methods:**

Disposal should be in accordance with applicable regional, national and local laws and regulations. Please consult Technical Data Sheet for details.

#### **14. Transport information**

**UN number** Not classified as dangerous in the meaning of transport regulations. UN proper shipping name N.A. Transport hazard class(es) N.A. Packing group, if applicable N.A. **Environmental hazards** ADR-Enviromental Pollutant: No IMDG-Marine pollutant: No Special precautions for user N.A. Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL73/78 and the IBC Code N.A.

The product is transported in conditions that comply with exemption criteria for ADR transport.

#### **15. Regulatory information**

#### Safety, health and environmental regulations specific for the product.

HSNO Group Standard Approval: HSR002670

#### **16. Other information**

This document was prepared by a competent person who has received appropriate training. Classification complies with the provisions of the United Nations Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals (GHS) and is consistent with ERMA New Zealand Approval number (HSNO) which is reported in Section 15.

Full text of phrases referred to in Section 3:

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H332 Harmful if inhaled. H319 Causes serious eye irritation.

Main bibliographic sources:

ECDIN - Environmental Chemicals Data and Information Network - Joint Research Centre, Commission of the European Communities

SAX's DANGEROUS PROPERTIES OF INDUSTRIAL MATERIALS - Eight Edition - Van Nostrand Reinold

CCNL - Appendix 1

Insert further consulted bibliography

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ADR:	European Agreement concerning the International Carriage of Dangerous Goods by Road.
ATE:	Acute Toxicity Estimate
ATEmix: CAS:	Acute toxicity Estimate (Mixtures) Chemical Abstracts Service (division of the American Chemical
CLP:	Society). Classification, Labeling, Packaging.
DNEL:	Derived No Effect Level.
EINECS: GefStoffVO:	European Inventory of Existing Commercial Chemical Substances. Ordinance on Hazardous Substances, Germany.
GHS:	Globally Harmonized System of Classification and Labeling of Chemicals.
IATA:	International Air Transport Association.
IATA-DGR:	Dangerous Goods Regulation by the "International Air Transport Association" (IATA).
ICAO:	International Civil Áviation Organization.
ICAO-TI:	Technical Instructions by the "International Civil Aviation Organization" (ICAO).
IMDG:	International Maritime Code for Dangerous Goods.
INCI:	International Nomenclature of Cosmetic Ingredients.
KSt:	Explosion coefficient.
LC50:	Lethal concentration, for 50 percent of test population.
LD50:	Lethal dose, for 50 percent of test population.
PNEC:	Predicted No Effect Concentration.
RID:	Regulation Concerning the International Transport of Dangerous Goods by Rail.
STEL:	Short Term Exposure limit.
STOT:	Specific Target Organ Toxicity.
TLV:	Threshold Limiting Value.
TWA:	Time-weighted average
WGK:	German Water Hazard Class.