RESENE CONCRETE WAX CONCRETEWASH

Resene Paints Ltd

Version No: 4.5

Safety Data Sheet according to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017

Issue Date: 29/05/2023 Print Date: 29/05/2023 L.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier			
Product name R	RESENE CONCRETE WAX CONCRETEWASH		
Synonyms N	Not Available		
Other means of identification N	Not Available		

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Details of the manufacturer or supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Resene Paints Ltd
Address	32-50 Vogel Street Wellington New Zealand
Telephone	+64 4 577 0500
Fax	+64 4 5773327
Website	www.resene.co.nz
Email	advice@resene.co.nz

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	NZ POISONS (24hr 7 days)	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE (24/7)	
Emergency telephone numbers	0800 764766	+64 800 700 112	
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	+61 3 9573 3188	

Once connected and if the message is not in your preferred language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification [1]	Classification [1] Specific Target Organ Toxicity - Repeated Exposure Category 2		
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI		
Gazetted by EPA New Zealand	6.9B		

Label elements

Hazard pictogram(s)



Signal word

Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. (Oral)

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

P260 Do not breathe mist/vapours/spray.

Precautionary statement(s) Response

P314 Get medical advice/attention if you feel unwell.

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

Not Applicable

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

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P501

Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Ingredients are required by the Hazard Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017, EPA consolidation 30 April 2021 to be identified:

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	ight] Name	
25265-77-4	1-5 2,2,4-trimethyl-1,3-pentanediol monoisobutyrate		
112-34-5	1-5	diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	
Legend:	Legend: 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 4. Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available		

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measures

Eye Contact	If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention without delay; if pain persists or recurs seek medical attention. Removal of contact lenses after an eye injury should only be undertaken by skilled personnel.
Skin Contact	If skin contact occurs: Immediately remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	 If fumes, aerosols or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area. Other measures are usually unnecessary.
Ingestion	Immediately give a glass of water. Contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically.

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

► Water spray or fog.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	► Avoid contamination with oxidising agents		
Advice for firefighters			
Fire Fighting	▶ Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.		
Fire/Explosion Hazard	Non combustible. Burning release: carbon dioxide (CO2) other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material. May emit poisonous fumes. May emit corrosive fumes.		

SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	Control personal contact with the substance, by using personal protective equipment. Contain spill with sawdust, sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite then place in suitable, labelled container for waste disposal. Wipe up. Clean area with large quantity of water to complete clean-up.

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Major Spills

Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear appropriate personnel protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Avoid breathing in mists or vapours and skin or eyes contact. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain spill with sawdust, sand, earth, inert material or vermiculite then place in suitable, labelled container for waste disposal. Wipe up. Wash area and prevent runoff into drains. If contamination of drains or waterways occurs, advise emergency services.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling

Safe handling	Avoid unnecessary personal contact, including inhalation.	
Other information	▶ Store in original containers.	

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	► Packaging as recommended by manufacturer.	
Storage incompatibility	► Avoid reaction with oxidising agents	

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Not Available

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2	TEEL-3
diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	30 ppm	33 ppm	200 ppm

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	Not Available	Not Available

Occupational Exposure Banding

Ingredient	Occupational Exposure Band Rating	Occupational Exposure Band Limit
diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	Е	≤ 0.1 ppm
Notes:	Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemicals into specific categories or bands based on a chemical's potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposure. The output of this process is an occupational exposure band (OEB), which corresponds to a range of exposure concentrations that are expected to protect worker health.	

MATERIAL DATA

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
Individual protection measures, such as personal protective equipment	
Eye and face protection	▶ Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	▶ Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC.
Body protection	Overalls
Other protection	No special measures required.

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

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Appearance	Colourless liquid		
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Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.00-1.04
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	8-9	Decomposition temperature (°C)	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	200-290
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	100	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	Not Available	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available BuAC = 1	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Not Available	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Volatile Component (%vol)	70
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Miscible	pH as a solution (1%)	Not Available
Vapour density (Air = 1)	Not Available	VOC g/L	<60

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	▶ stable
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

illorillation on toxicological el	ilects		
Inhaled	The material is not thought to produce adverse health effects or irritation of the respiratory tract (as classified by EC Directives using animal models).		
Ingestion	Swallowing of the liquid may cause aspiration of vomit into the lungs with the risk of haemorrhaging, pulmonary oedema, progressing to chemical pneumonitis; serious consequences may result.		
Skin Contact	Skin contact is not thought to have harmful health effects (as classified under EC Directives); the material may still produce health damage following entry through wounds, lesions or abrasions. Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material		
Еуе	Although the liquid is not thought to be an irritant (as classified by EC Directives), direct contact with the eye may produce transient discomfort characterised by tearing or conjunctival redness (as with windburn).		
Chronic	There is sufficient evidence to provide a strong presumption that human exposure to the material may result in developmental toxicity, generally on the basis of: - clear results in appropriate animal studies where effects have been observed in the absence of marked maternal toxicity, or at around the same dose levels as other toxic effects but which are not secondary non-specific consequences of the other toxic effects.		
	I		
RESENE CONCRETE WAX	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
CONCRETEWASH	Not Available	Not Available	
diethylene glycol monobutyl	TOXICITY	IRRITATION	
ether	Dermal (rabbit) LD50: 4120 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye (rabbit): 20 mg/24h moderate	

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	Oral (Rat) LD50: 5660 mg/kg ^[2]	Eye (rabbit)	: 5 mg - SEVERE
Legend:	Nalue obtained from Europe ECHA Registered State specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of T		otained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise
RESENE CONCRETE WAX CONCRETEWASH	The following information refers to contact allergens	as a group and may not be specific	to this product.
DIETHYLENE GLYCOL	The material may produce severe irritation to the eye causing pronounced inflammation. For diethylene glycol monoalkyl ethers and their acetates: This category includes diethylene glycol ethyl ether (DGEE), diethylene glycol propyl ether (DGPE) diethylene glycol butyl ether (DGBE) and diethylene glycol hexyl ether (DGHE) and their acetates. Acute toxicity: There are adequate oral, inhalation and/or dermal toxicity studies on the category members.		
MONOBUTYL ETHER	This category includes diethylene glycol ethyl ether (diethylene glycol hexyl ether (DGHE) and their aceta	(DGEE), diethylene glycol propyl ethates.	, , , , , ,
	This category includes diethylene glycol ethyl ether (diethylene glycol hexyl ether (DGHE) and their aceta	(DGEE), diethylene glycol propyl ethates.	, , , , , ,
MONOBUTYL ETHER	This category includes diethylene glycol ethyl ether diethylene glycol hexyl ether (DGHE) and their aceta Acute toxicity: There are adequate oral, inhalation	(DGEE), diethylene glycol propyl eth stes. and/or dermal toxicity studies on the	category members.
MONOBUTYL ETHER Acute Toxicity	This category includes diethylene glycol ethyl ether diethylene glycol hexyl ether (DGHE) and their aceta Acute toxicity: There are adequate oral, inhalation	(DGEE), diethylene glycol propyl eth ates. and/or dermal toxicity studies on the Carcinogenicity	category members.
Acute Toxicity Skin Irritation/Corrosion	This category includes diethylene glycol ethyl ether diethylene glycol hexyl ether (DGHE) and their aceta Acute toxicity: There are adequate oral, inhalation	(DGEE), diethylene glycol propyl eth ates. and/or dermal toxicity studies on the Carcinogenicity Reproductivity	category members.

Legend:

Data either not available or does not fill the criteria for classification

✓ – Data available to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Toxicity

RESENE CONCRETE WAX CONCRETEWASH	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)		Species	Value		Source	
	Not Available Not Available			Not Available Not Available		e Not Available		
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Speci	ies		Value	Source	
diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	LC50	96h	Fish	Fish		1300mg/l	2	
	EC50	72h	Algae	Algae or other aquatic plants 1101		1101mg/l	2	
	EC50	48h	Crustacea		>100mg/l	1		
	NOEC(ECx)	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants		>=100mg/	1 1		
	EC50	96h	Algae or other aquatic plants >100mg/l		1			
Legend:	Ecotox database - A	JCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe E Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECETO Data 8. Vendor Data			•		•	

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	LOW	LOW

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	LOW (BCF = 0.46)

Mobility in soil

Ingredient	Mobility
diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	LOW (KOC = 10)

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods

▶ Containers may still present a chemical hazard/ danger when empty.

Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory.

Product / Packaging disposal Consult manufacturer for recycling option.
Resene Paintwise accepts residual unwan

Resene Paintwise accepts residual unwanted paint and packaging. See Resene website for Paintwise information. Or contact a Local Authority for the disposal information. Do not discharge the substance into the environment.

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Disposal Requirements

Packages that have been in direct contact with the hazardous substance must be only disposed if the hazardous substance was appropriately removed and cleaned out from the package.

Do not allow product or wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains or watercourses. It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible.

Disposal of this product should comply with Hazard Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 (EPA Consolidation 30 April 2021).

SECTION 14 Transport information

For treating and discharging processes contact your local authority.

Labels Required

Labels Required	
Marine Pollutant	NO
HAZCHEM	Not Applicable

Land transport (UN): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee): NOT REGULATED FOR TRANSPORT OF DANGEROUS GOODS

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code

Not Applicable

Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	Not Available

Transport in bulk in accordance with the IGC Code

Product name	Ship Type
diethylene glycol monobutyl ether	Not Available

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance can be managed under the controls specified in the Transfer Notice or alternatively it may be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard.

HSR Number	Group Standard	
HSR002670	Surface Coatings and Colourants Subsidiary Hazard Group Standard 2020	

Please refer to Section 8 of the SDS for any applicable tolerable exposure limit or Section 12 for environmental exposure limit.

diethylene glycol monobutyl ether is found on the following regulatory lists

New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls
New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification
of Chemicals

New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data

New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)

Hazardous Substance Location

Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Certified Handler

Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Class of substance	Overstities	
Class of substance	Quantities	
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	

Refer Group Standards for further information

Maximum quantities of certain hazardous substances permitted on passenger service vehicles

Subject to Regulation 13.14 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Gas (aggregate water capacity in mL)	Liquid (L)	Solid (kg)	Maximum quantity per package for each classification
Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Tracking Requirements

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

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National Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	29/05/2023
Initial Date	17/08/2016

SDS Version Summary

Version	Date of Update	Sections Updated
3.5	28/05/2023	Hazards identification - Classification, Composition / information on ingredients - Ingredients

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average

PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit

IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer

ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists

STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit

TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。

IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations

ES: Exposure Standard

OSF: Odour Safety Factor

NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level

LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level

TLV: Threshold Limit Value

LOD: Limit Of Detection

OTV: Odour Threshold Value

BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index

AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals

DSL: Domestic Substances List

NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List

IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China

EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances

ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances

NLP: No-Longer Polymers

ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory

KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory

NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances

TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act

TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory

INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas

NCI: National Chemical Inventory

FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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