Resene Paints Ltd Version No: 2.3

Safety Data Sheet according to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017

Issue Date: 06/04/2022 Print Date: 06/04/2022 L.GHS.NZL.EN

SECTION 1 Identification of the substance / mixture and of the company / undertaking

Product Identifier		
Product name	RESENE ARMOURCOTE 821 BASE	
Synonyms	Not Available	
Proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains zinc oxide and zinc phosphate)	
Other means of identification	Not Available	

Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Relevant identified uses 10284

Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name	Resene Paints Ltd
Address	32-50 Vogel Street Wellington New Zealand
Telephone	+64 4 577 0500
Fax	+64 4 5773327
Website	www.resene.co.nz
Email	advice@resene.co.nz

Emergency telephone number

Association / Organisation	NZ POISONS (24hr 7 days)	CHEMWATCH EMERGENCY RESPONSE
Emergency telephone numbers	0800 764766	+64 800 700 112
Other emergency telephone numbers	Not Available	+61 2 9186 1132

Once connected and if the message is not in your prefered language then please dial 01

SECTION 2 Hazards identification

Classification of the substance or mixture

Classification ^[1]	Hazardous to the Aquatic Environment Long-Term Hazard Category 2, Flammable Liquids Category 4, Skin Corrosion/Irritation Category 2, Serious Eye Damage/Eye Irritation Category 2, Sensitisation (Skin) Category 1	
Legend:	1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI	
Determined by Chemwatch using GHS/HSNO criteria	3.1D, 6.3A, 6.4A, 6.5B (contact), 9.1B	

Label elements

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Signal word Warning

Hazard statement(s)

H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H227	Combustible liquid.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statement(s) Prevention

• • • • •	
P210	Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.
P280	Wear protective gloves, protective clothing, eye protection and face protection.

P261	void breathing mist/vapours/spray.	
P273	Avoid release to the environment.	
P264	Wash all exposed external body areas thoroughly after handling.	
P272	Contaminated work clothing should not be allowed out of the workplace.	

Precautionary statement(s) Response

Frecautionaly statement(s) Re	shouse	
P370+P378	In case of fire: Use alcohol resistant foam or normal protein foam to extinguish.	
P302+P352	IF ON SKIN: Wash with plenty of water.	
P305+P351+P338	IF IN EYES: Rinse cautiously with water for several minutes. Remove contact lenses, if present and easy to do. Continue rinsing.	
P333+P313	If skin irritation or rash occurs: Get medical advice/attention.	
P337+P313	If eye irritation persists: Get medical advice/attention.	
P362+P364	Take off contaminated clothing and wash it before reuse.	
P391	Collect spillage.	

Precautionary statement(s) Storage

P403 Store in a well-ventilated place.

Precautionary statement(s) Disposal

P501 Dispos

Dispose of contents/container to authorised hazardous or special waste collection point in accordance with any local regulation.

SECTION 3 Composition / information on ingredients

Substances

See section below for composition of Mixtures

Ingredients are required by the Hazard Substances (Safety Data Sheets) Notice 2017, EPA consolidation 30 April 2021 to be identified:

Mixtures

CAS No	%[weight]	Name
7779-90-0	10-20	zinc phosphate
1314-13-2	1-5	zinc oxide
2855-13-2	1-3	isophorone diamine
Legend:	Legend: 1. Classified by Chemwatch; 2. Classification drawn from CCID EPA NZ; 3. Classification drawn from Regulation (EU) No 1272/2008 - Annex VI; 4. Classification drawn from C&L * EU IOELVs available	

SECTION 4 First aid measures

Description of first aid measur	es
Eye Contact	 If this product comes in contact with the eyes: Wash out immediately with fresh running water. Ensure complete irrigation of the eye by keeping eyelids apart and away from eye and moving the eyelids by occasionally lifting the upper and lower lids. Seek medical attention if pain persists or recurs.
Skin Contact	 If skin contact occurs: Remove all contaminated clothing, including footwear. Flush skin and hair with running water (and soap if available). Seek medical attention in event of irritation.
Inhalation	If fumes or combustion products are inhaled remove from contaminated area.
Ingestion	 Immediately give a glass of water. First aid is not generally required. If in doubt, contact a Poisons Information Centre or a doctor.

Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

Treat symptomatically

SECTION 5 Firefighting measures

Extinguishing media

Foam.

Special hazards arising from the substrate or mixture

Fire Incompatibility	Avoid contamination with oxidising agents
Advice for firefighters	

Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard.

Fire/Explosion Hazard	 Combustible. Combustion products include: carbon dioxide (CO2) phosphorus oxides (POx) metal oxides other pyrolysis products typical of burning organic material.
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SECTION 6 Accidental release measures

Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

See section 8

Environmental precautions

See section 12

Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Minor Spills	Environmental hazard - contain spillage. Remove all ignition sources. Contain spill with inert non- combustible absorbent then place in suitable, labelled container for waste disposal. Wipe up. Clean area with large quantity of water to complete clean- up.
Major Spills	Environmental hazard - contain spillage. Remove all ignition sources. Clear area of personnel and move upwind. Alert Fire Brigade and tell them location and nature of hazard. Wear appropriate personnel protective equipment and clothing to prevent exposure. Avoid breathing in mists or vapours and skin or eyes contact. Prevent, by any means available, spillage from entering drains or water course. Stop leak if safe to do so. Contain spill with sawdust, sand, earth, inert material or verniculite then place in suitable, labelled container for waste disposal. Clean contaminated objects and areas thoroughly observing environmental regulations. If the product contaminates waterways, inform competent authorities in accordance with local regulations.

Personal Protective Equipment advice is contained in Section 8 of the SDS.

SECTION 7 Handling and storage

Precautions for safe handling	
Safe handling	 Avoid personal contact. DO NOT allow clothing wet with material to stay in contact with skin
Other information	Store in original containers.

Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Suitable container	Packaging as recommended by manufacturer.
Storage incompatibility	 Oxidising and reducing agents.

SECTION 8 Exposure controls / personal protection

Control parameters

Occupational Exposure Limits (OEL)

INGREDIENT DATA

Source	Ingredient	Material name	TWA	STEL	Peak	Notes
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	zinc phosphate	Particulates not otherwise classified	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	zinc phosphate	Respirable dust (not otherwise classified)	3 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	zinc phosphate	Particulates not otherwise classified respirable dust	3 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	zinc phosphate	Inhalable dust (not otherwise classified)	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	zinc oxide	Zinc oxide Dust respirable dust	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available	Not Available
New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)	zinc oxide	Zinc oxide fume respirable dust	3 mg/m3	10 mg/m3	Not Available	Not Available

Emergency Limits

Ingredient	TEEL-1	TEEL-2		TEEL-3
zinc phosphate	12 mg/m3	36 mg/m3		220 mg/m3
zinc oxide	10 mg/m3	15 mg/m3		2,500 mg/m3
Ingredient	Original IDLH		Revised IDLH	
zinc phosphate	Not Available		Not Available	

Ingredient	Original IDLH	Revised IDLH
zinc oxide	500 mg/m3	Not Available
isophorone diamine	Not Available	Not Available
Occupational Exposure Bandi	ng	
Ingredient	Occupational Exposure Band Rating	Occupational Exposure Band Limit

	••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••••	
isophorone diamine	D	> 0.1 to ≤ 1 ppm
Notes:	Occupational exposure banding is a process of assigning chemicals into specific categories or bands based on a chemical's potency and the adverse health outcomes associated with exposure. The output of this process is an occupational exposure band (OEB), which corresponds to range of exposure concentrations that are expected to protect worker health.	

MATERIAL DATA

Sensory irritants are chemicals that produce temporary and undesirable side-effects on the eyes, nose or throat. for zinc oxide:

Zinc oxide intoxication (intoxication zincale) is characterised by general depression, shivering, headache, thirst, colic and diarrhoea.

Exposure controls

Appropriate engineering controls	Engineering controls are used to remove a hazard or place a barrier between the worker and the hazard.
Personal protection	
Eye and face protection	Safety glasses with side shields.
Skin protection	See Hand protection below
Hands/feet protection	 Wear chemical protective gloves, e.g. PVC. NOTE: The material may produce skin sensitisation in predisposed individuals. The selection of suitable gloves does not only depend on the material, but also on further marks of quality which vary from manufacturer to manufacturer.
Body protection	See Other protection below
Other protection	► Overalls.

Respiratory protection

Not required for properly ventilated areas. Where the concentration of vapours in the breathing zone approaches or exceeds the "Exposure Standards" respiratory protection is required. Type A Filter of sufficient capacity.

SECTION 9 Physical and chemical properties

Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Appearance	Light green opaque solution		
Physical state	Liquid	Relative density (Water = 1)	1.38-1.43
Odour	Not Available	Partition coefficient n-octanol / water	Not Available
Odour threshold	Not Available	Auto-ignition temperature (°C)	Not Available
pH (as supplied)	10-11	Decomposition temperature	Not Available
Melting point / freezing point (°C)	Not Available	Viscosity (cSt)	700-1400
Initial boiling point and boiling range (°C)	100	Molecular weight (g/mol)	Not Available
Flash point (°C)	78	Taste	Not Available
Evaporation rate	Not Available BuAC = 1	Explosive properties	Not Available
Flammability	Combustible.	Oxidising properties	Not Available
Upper Explosive Limit (%)	Not Available	Surface Tension (dyn/cm or mN/m)	Not Available
Lower Explosive Limit (%)		Volatile Component (%vol)	57
Vapour pressure (kPa)	Not Available	Gas group	Not Available
Solubility in water	Miscible	pH as a solution (Not Available%)	Not Available

VOC g/L

101

RESENE ARMOURCOTE 821 BASE

SECTION 10 Stability and reactivity

Not Available

Vapour density (Air = 1)

Reactivity	See section 7
Chemical stability	▶ Stable
Possibility of hazardous reactions	See section 7
Conditions to avoid	See section 7
Incompatible materials	See section 7
Hazardous decomposition products	See section 5

SECTION 11 Toxicological information

Information on toxicological effects

Inhaled	Evidence shows, or practical experience predicts, that the material produces irritation of the respiratory system, in a substantial number of individuals, following inhalation. The material has NOT been classified by EC Directives or other classification systems as 'harmful by inhalation'. Following an oral intake of extremely high doses of zinc (where 300 mg Zn/d – 20 times the US Recommended Dietary Allowance (RDA) – is a 'low intake' overdose), nausea, vomiting, pain, cramps and diarrhea may occur.
Ingestion	Phosphates are slowly and incompletely absorbed from the gastrointestinal tract and are unlikely (other than in abuse) to produce the systemic effects which occur when introduced by other routes.
Skin Contact	Evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material either produces inflammation of the skin in a substantial number of individuals following direct contact, and/or produces significant inflammation when applied to the healthy intact skin of animals, for up to four hours, such inflammation being present twenty-four hours or more after the end of the exposure period. The material may accentuate any pre-existing dermatitis condition Open cuts, abraded or irritated skin should not be exposed to this material Entry into the blood-stream through, for example, cuts, abrasions, puncture wounds or lesions, may produce systemic injury with harmful effects.
Eye	Evidence exists, or practical experience predicts, that the material may cause eye irritation in a substantial number of individuals and/or may produce significant ocular lesions which are present twenty-four hours or more after instillation into the eye(s) of experimental animals.
Chronic	Long-term exposure to respiratory irritants may result in disease of the airways involving difficult breathing and related systemic problems. Practical experience shows that skin contact with the material is capable either of inducing a sensitisation reaction in a substantial number of individuals, and/or of producing a positive response in experimental animals. Limited evidence suggests that repeated or long-term occupational exposure may produce cumulative health effects involving organs or biochemical systems. Sensitisation may give severe responses to very low levels of exposure, in situations where exposure may occur.

RESENE ARMOURCOTE 821	TOXICITY IRRITATION		IRRITATION		
BASE	Not Available	Not Available			
	TOXICITY IRRITATION		N		
zinc phosphate	Oral (Rat) LD50; >5000 mg/kg ^[2] Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irrita		verse effect observed (not irritating) [[]	1]	
		Skin: no ad	verse effect observed (not irritating) [[]	1]	
	TOXICITY IRRITATION		ATION		
	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1] Eye		Eye (rabbit) : 500 mg/24 h - mild		
zinc oxide	Inhalation(Rat) LC50; >1.79 mg/l4h ^[1] Ey		Eye: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]		
	Oral (Rat) LD50; >5000 mg/kg ^[1] Ski		Skin (rabbit) : 500 mg/24 h- mild		
		Skin: no adverse effect observed (not irritating) ^[1]		ting) ^[1]	
	TOXICITY			IRRITATION	
isophorone diamine	dermal (rat) LD50: >2000 mg/kg ^[1]			Not Available	
isophorone diamine	Inhalation(Rat) LC50; >=1.07<=5.01 mg/l4h ^[1]				
	Oral (Rat) LD50; 1030 mg/kg ^[2]				
Legend:	 Value obtained from Europe ECHA Registered Substances - Acute toxicity 2.* Value obtained from manufacturer's SDS. Unless otherwise specified data extracted from RTECS - Register of Toxic Effect of chemical Substances 				

ISOPHORONE DIAMINE	The following information refers to contact allergens as a group and may not be specific to this product. For isophorone diamine Based on a limited skin irritation study with rabbits and rats, isophorone diamine is deemed to be a strong irritant (duration of the exposure not reported) and corrosive after repeated application. The material may be irritating to the eye, with prolonged contact causing inflammation. The material may produce respiratory tract irritation.		
RESENE ARMOURCOTE 821 BASE & ISOPHORONE DIAMINE	Asthma-like symptoms may continue for months or even years after exposure to the material ends.		
ZINC OXIDE & ISOPHORONE DIAMINE	The material may cause skin irritation after prolonged or repeated exposure and may produce a contact dermatitis (nonallergic).		
Acute Toxicity	×	Carcinogenicity	×
Skin Irritation/Corrosion	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Reproductivity	×
Serious Eye Damage/Irritation	✓	STOT - Single Exposure	×
Respiratory or Skin sensitisation	*	STOT - Repeated Exposure	×
Mutagenicity	Aspiration Hazard X		
		2090.141	t available or does not fill the criteria for classification to make classification

SECTION 12 Ecological information

Toxicity

ESENE ARMOURCOTE 821	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Spec	ies	Value		Source	
BASE	Not Available	Not Available	Not A	vailable	Not Avai	lable	Not Availa	able
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)		Species	١	/alue	So	urce
zinc phosphate	EC50(ECx)	24h		Crustacea	().22mg/l	2	
	EC50	48h		Crustacea	>	>1.08mg/l	2	
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species			Value		Source
	NOEC(ECx)	72h	Algae or other	aquatic plants		0.005mg/l		2
zinc oxide	BCF	1344h	Fish			19-110		7
	LC50	96h	Fish			0.927-2.589mg/	/1	4
	EC50	72h	Algae or other	aquatic plants		0.036-0.049mg/	/I	4
	EC50	48h	Crustacea			0.301-0.667mg/	/I	4
	EC50	96h Algae or other aquatic plants		0.3mg/l		2		
	Endpoint	Test Duration (hr)	Species			Value		Source
	BCF	1008h	Fish			<0.3		7
	LC50	96h	Fish			70mg/l		1
isophorone diamine	EC50	72h	Algae or other aquatic plants			37mg/l		1
	EC50	48h	Crustacea			14.6-21.5mg	/I	4
	NOEC(ECx)	72h	Algae or othe	er aquatic plants		1.5mg/l		1
Legend:	Ecotox database -	JCLID Toxicity Data 2. Europe Aquatic Toxicity Data 5. ECET Data 8. Vendor Data						

Toxic to aquatic organisms.

Do NOT allow product to come in contact with surface waters or to intertidal areas below the mean high water mark.

For Phosphate: The principal problems of phosphate contamination of the environment relates to eutrophication processes in lakes and ponds.

For zinc and its compounds:

Environmental fate:

Zinc is capable of forming complexes with a variety of organic and inorganic groups (ligands).

DO NOT discharge into sewer or waterways.

Persistence and degradability

Ingredient	Persistence: Water/Soil	Persistence: Air
isophorone diamine	HIGH	HIGH

Bioaccumulative potential

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
zinc oxide	LOW (BCF = 217)

Ingredient	Bioaccumulation
isophorone diamine	LOW (BCF = 3.4)
Mobility in soil	
Ingredient	Mobility

SECTION 13 Disposal considerations

Waste treatment methods	
Product / Packaging disposal	Legislation addressing waste disposal requirements may differ by country, state and/ or territory.

Disposal Requirements

Packages that have been in direct contact with the hazardous substance must be only disposed if the hazardous substance was appropriately removed and cleaned out from the package.

Do not allow product or wash water from cleaning or process equipment to enter drains or watercourses. It may be necessary to collect all wash water for treatment before disposal. The generation of waste should be avoided or minimised wherever possible.

Disposal of this product should comply with Hazard Substances (Disposal) Notice 2017 (EPA Consolidation 30 April 2021) and local regulations. The substance can be treated by deposition in a landfill, incinerator, or sewage facility that changes the characteristics of its composition, so that the substance is no longer a hazardous material. It can be also exported from New Zealand as waste. Treatment by dilution with other matter does not apply to bioaccumulative and not rapidly degradable substances.

For treating and discharging processes contact your local authority.

The substance may be discharged onto a landfill, but only if a concentration of the substance in an environmental medium below the exposure limit set by the Local Authority.

SECTION 14 Transport information

Labels Required Marine Pollutant HAZCHEM

Land transport (UN)

UN number	3082		
UN proper shipping name	INVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains zinc oxide and zinc phosphate)		
Transport hazard class(es)	Class 9 Subrisk Not Applicable		
Packing group	II		
Environmental hazard	Environmentally hazardous		
Special precautions for user	Special provisions274; 331; 335; 375Limited quantity5 L		

Air transport (ICAO-IATA / DGR)

UN number	3082		
UN proper shipping name	Environmentally hazardous substance, liquid, n.o.s. * (contains zinc oxide and zinc phosphate)		
Transport hazard class(es)	ICAO/IATA Class ICAO / IATA Subrisk ERG Code	9 Not Applicable 9L	
Packing group	Ш		
Environmental hazard	Environmentally hazardo	Environmentally hazardous	

	Special provisions	A97 A158 A197 A215
	Cargo Only Packing Instructions	964
	Cargo Only Maximum Qty / Pack	450 L
Special precautions for user	Passenger and Cargo Packing Instructions	964
	Passenger and Cargo Maximum Qty / Pack	450 L
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Quantity Packing Instructions	Y964
	Passenger and Cargo Limited Maximum Qty / Pack	30 kg G

Sea transport (IMDG-Code / GGVSee)

UN number	3082			
UN proper shipping name	ENVIRONMENTALLY	ENVIRONMENTALLY HAZARDOUS SUBSTANCE, LIQUID, N.O.S. (contains zinc oxide and zinc phosphate)		
Transport hazard class(es)	IMDG Class 9 IMDG Subrisk N	ot Applicable		
Packing group	ш			
Environmental hazard	Marine Pollutant			
Special precautions for user	EMS Number Special provisions Limited Quantities	F-A, S-F 274 335 969 5 L		

Transport in bulk according to Annex II of MARPOL and the IBC code Not Applicable

Transport in bulk in accordance with MARPOL Annex V and the IMSBC Code

Product name	Group
zinc phosphate	Not Available
zinc oxide	Not Available
isophorone diamine	Not Available

Transport in bulk in accordance with the ICG Code

Product name	Ship Type
zinc phosphate	Not Available
zinc oxide	Not Available
isophorone diamine	Not Available

SECTION 15 Regulatory information

Safety, health and environmental regulations / legislation specific for the substance or mixture

This substance is to be managed using the conditions specified in an applicable Group Standard

HSR Number	Group Standard
HSR002657	Surface Coatings and Colourants Combustible Group Standard 2020

Please refer to Section 8 of the SDS for any applicable tolerable exposure limit or Section 12 for environmental exposure limit.

zinc phosphate is found on the following regulatory lists	
International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)	New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data
New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)
New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals	New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)
zinc oxide is found on the following regulatory lists	
International WHO List of Proposed Occupational Exposure Limit (OEL) Values for Manufactured Nanomaterials (MNMS)	New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals - Classification Data
New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)
New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification of Chemicals	New Zealand Workplace Exposure Standards (WES)
isophorone diamine is found on the following regulatory lists	
New Zealand Approved Hazardous Substances with controls	New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification
New Zealand Hazardous Substances and New Organisms (HSNO) Act - Classification	of Chemicals - Classification Data
of Chemicals	New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals (NZIoC)
Usersdaus Cubatanas Lasstian	
Hazardous Substance Location	
Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017	

Subject to the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Certified Handler

Subject to Part 4 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Class of substance	Quantities
Not Applicable	Not Applicable

Refer Group Standards for further information

Maximum quantities of certain hazardous substances permitted on passenger service vehicles

Subject to Regulation 13.14 of the Health and Safety at Work (Hazardous Substances) Regulations 2017.

Hazard Class	Gas (aggregate water capacity in mL)	Liquid (L)	Solid (kg)	Maximum quantity per package for each classification
6.5A or 6.5B	120	1	3	
3.1C or 3.1D				10 L

Tracking Requirements

Not Applicable

National Inventory Status

National Inventory	Status
Australia - AIIC / Australia Non-Industrial Use	Yes
New Zealand - NZIoC	Yes
Legend:	Yes = All CAS declared ingredients are on the inventory No = One or more of the CAS listed ingredients are not on the inventory. These ingredients may be exempt or will require registration.

SECTION 16 Other information

Revision Date	06/04/2022
Initial Date	28/07/2017

Other information

Classification of the preparation and its individual components has drawn on official and authoritative sources as well as independent review by the Chemwatch Classification committee using available literature references.

The SDS is a Hazard Communication tool and should be used to assist in the Risk Assessment.

Definitions and abbreviations

PC-TWA: Permissible Concentration-Time Weighted Average PC-STEL: Permissible Concentration-Short Term Exposure Limit IARC: International Agency for Research on Cancer ACGIH: American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists STEL: Short Term Exposure Limit TEEL: Temporary Emergency Exposure Limit。 IDLH: Immediately Dangerous to Life or Health Concentrations ES: Exposure Standard OSF: Odour Safety Factor NOAEL :No Observed Adverse Effect Level LOAEL: Lowest Observed Adverse Effect Level TLV: Threshold Limit Value LOD: Limit Of Detection OTV: Odour Threshold Value BCF: BioConcentration Factors BEI: Biological Exposure Index AIIC: Australian Inventory of Industrial Chemicals DSL: Domestic Substances List NDSL: Non-Domestic Substances List IECSC: Inventory of Existing Chemical Substance in China EINECS: European INventory of Existing Commercial chemical Substances ELINCS: European List of Notified Chemical Substances NLP: No-Longer Polymers ENCS: Existing and New Chemical Substances Inventory KECI: Korea Existing Chemicals Inventory NZIoC: New Zealand Inventory of Chemicals PICCS: Philippine Inventory of Chemicals and Chemical Substances TSCA: Toxic Substances Control Act TCSI: Taiwan Chemical Substance Inventory INSQ: Inventario Nacional de Sustancias Químicas NCI: National Chemical Inventory FBEPH: Russian Register of Potentially Hazardous Chemical and Biological Substances

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